

## Chapter 22

### Redbeard to the Rescue

Century 5 Quatrain 34

34

*From the deepest part of the English West  
Where the head of the British isle is  
A fleet will enter the Gironde through Blois,  
Through wine and salt, fires hidden in the casks.*

In the chapter called “The Players” we mentioned the “Chief of the English” as well as the “English West”, referring to western Scotland. Due to natural events (it seems), London and lower England are decimated in severe flooding. This is a permanent condition, not a seasonal inundation. The government of England relocates to the Scottish Highlands, and this is apparently where the “head of the British Isle is”. From this location, probably Glasgow or a large city on the west coast, a fleet of English soldiers sails to the Bay of Biscay (the Gironde Estuary).

Blois is a French city quite far from the Bay, so many commentators believe it to be a misprint for “Blaye” which does sit on the Gironde, and this is quite likely, but Paulus points out it could be that the government of France has relocated to Blois for safety.<sup>[1]</sup>

In that case, the English troops would have been requested by the French government.



Why would the English agree to help the French at this point?

After all, the English could defend their Island much better against a land invasion, since it would have to come by sea, and so far the Madhi doesn't seem to have ships that are reliable in the North Atlantic, as he has only been raiding the northern coast of France. It would almost seem a better alternative to evacuate the French to England!

All true, but remember that lower England has been destroyed.

Century 9 Quatrain 31

31

*The trembling of the earth at Mortara  
The tin island of St. George half sunk;  
Drowsy with peace, war will arise,  
At Easter in the temple abysses opened.*

St. George is the patron Saint of England. The "tin island" is England, since from ancient times tin was mined there. <sup>[2]</sup> This appears to be simultaneous with an earthquake of some kind at "Mortara", a small town in Italy. Keeping in mind the symbolic aspect, as we have seen, Italy was attacked early on in the Jihad, and this may be an attempt to synchronize the two events.

Another possibility is that the events are related. The "abysses opened" phrase indicates that the trembling may indeed be earthquake related. This will happen during a time of "peace", which will have been for so long that it will be startling when it ends. We are given a date of Easter for this event, which places it in the springtime, and before the "war will arise".

Of course the predominate theory here is an asteroid impact with an accompanying tsunami. Not only is this predicted by Nostradamus in many quatrains, but the book of Revelation mentions it also. Revelation is the only source that indicates it will be an oceanic impact.

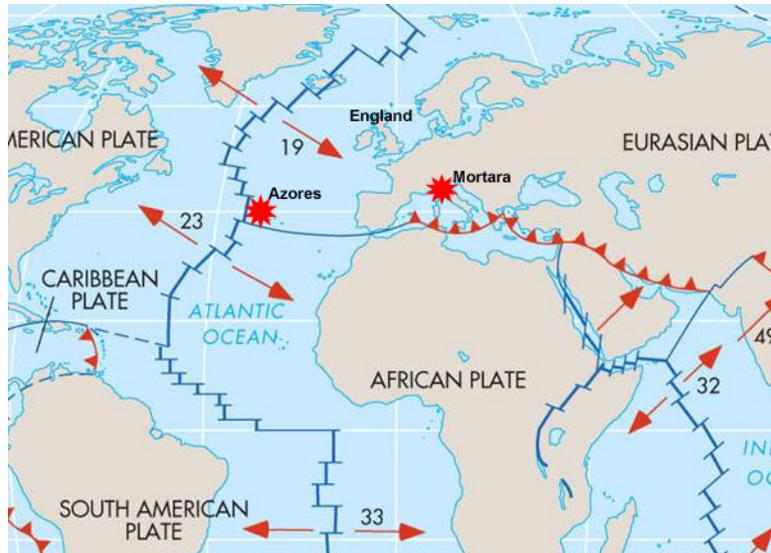
"And the third angel sounded, and there fell a great star from heaven, burning as it were a lamp, and it fell upon the third part of the rivers, and upon the fountains of the waters." <sup>[3]</sup>

What is not generally known is that Revelation describes three separate events of asteroid impacts, not just one.

It would be logical that an asteroid would hit an ocean since most of the Earth is covered with oceans, so statistically this would be likely. The actual impact point is not given however, but Nostradamus gives us some clues.

- England will be "half drowned".
- Portugal as a country is not mentioned in the quatrains (some Portuguese troops are, but no cities or battles in Portugal.)

A look at the tectonic plates in the region may clear this up.



There is a triple junction of the Eurasian Plate, the African Plate, and the North American Plate in the vicinity of the Azores. An impact at this point would cause the plates to temporarily separate. As can be seen, Portugal is directly opposite this possible impact point, and would get the full fury of the tsunami. The upper part of England (Scotland) is protected by Ireland (another country we hear nothing about), but lower England is exposed. If there is this much damage at these distances, note that the northeastern coast of the United States is also very exposed.

This may be why America takes so long to get involved in this war.

Nostradamus gives us the size of the asteroid as well, describing it as “seven stadia around”. If this means circumference (which is smaller than a diameter), then this asteroid will be about 1300 feet in diameter. This is a very large asteroid.

Running this through an impact calculator, some of the figures that emerge are terrifying.<sup>[4]</sup>

Here is the dataset I used based directly on the data we have.

- Diameter – 1,300 feet
- Density – 3000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (dense rock, not the highest density, which is nickel-iron))
- Impact angle – 50 degrees (about the latitude of the Azores)
- Impact Velocity – 30 miles per second (this is just over half of what it could be)
- Depth of water – 5000 feet
- Distance from Impact – I used Portugal, at 973 miles from the Azores.

The energy of this impact is 10,500 Megatons of TNT. The bomb dropped on Hiroshima was only 15 Kilotons, or 0.015 Megatons. This impact will be 157 times larger than the Hiroshima bomb.

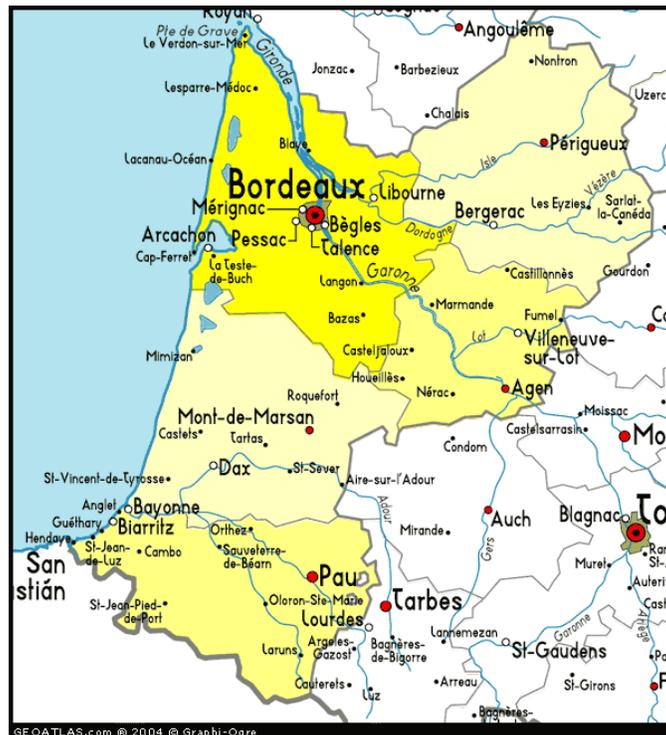
It will produce a “water” crater six and a half miles in diameter and all this water must go somewhere. It will punch down through the seafloor another two thousand feet, and would produce an earthquake of magnitude 6, arriving on the coast of Portugal five minutes after impact. The air blast will arrive a bit

over an hour after impact. Three and a half hours after impact, the tsunami will arrive. The height of this wave is unknown, but in 1958, a 1,700 foot wave destroyed Lituya Bay, Alaska.

Alright, that little detour was necessary as it directly relates to the English assistance France is asking for.

England will be overrun with refugees fleeing the destroyed parts of what was London and lower England, and the bulk of the population lives in the lower parts.

France will make it an offer it cannot refuse.



Century 9 Quatrain 6

6

*An infinity of Englishmen in Guienne  
Will settle under the name of Anglaquitaine:  
In Languedoc, Ispalme, Bordelais,  
Which they will name after Barboxitaine.*

It appears that France offers the displaced English a homestead in France. Aquitaine is a province of France on the southwest coast. He we see Nostradamus call it “Anglaquitane”, a made up word to show that the English will now living there, “Angla”- “Aquitane”.

The last line is frequently misread by commentators. I have seen many convoluted explanations of the deconstruction of the word “Barboxitaine”, which is formed from “Barbe” (beard), “oxi” (occi, ‘west’ as in ‘occident’) and “taine” (tane), literally ‘area’.

Many claim the name will be “West of the Beard”, or “WestBeard”, but that is not what the quatrain says. The last line clearly says that the English (the ‘they’) will name the land *after* someone called “Barboxitaine”. This someone is almost certainly “Redbeard”, the surviving English commander of the English military. It cannot be his elder brother since he was killed being pushed out of Spain.

Naming the area after Redbeard could be seen as a normal and predictable occurrence. In this area we have Prince Edward Isle, Georgia, Carolina, and Louisiana, all named after royalty. The name given could be equally mundane. If it is Prince Harry, then ‘Harrison’ or ‘Harrisville’ would fill the bill as well as any other.

How do the English arrive?

Century 5 Quatrain 35

35  
*For the free city of the great Crescent sea,  
Which still carries the stone in its stomach,  
The English fleet will come under the drizzle  
To seize a branch, war opened by the great one.*

The “great crescent sea” is the Bay of Biscay, shaped like a crescent moon. The “free city” and the reference to the “stone” imply that the city will be La Rochelle, as ‘rocher’ is ‘rock’ in French.

The English fleet will arrive under concealment, “a drizzle”, probably a foggy, misty, low visibility type of stealth arrival. This will be necessary since the Islamic naval assets will be capable of spotting incoming vessels, although their capabilities appear to be extremely reduced in the open ocean. I think their ships and tactics have been designed for the relatively calm Mediterranean and near shore operations. Venturing past Gibraltar calls for deep ocean vessels which will not have swarmcraft capability, and they will be somewhat vulnerable to losses once in the Atlantic. This may be why we see only coastal raids along the western coast of France, where the raiders can launch from the nearby shores of Spain and Belgium.

The last line contains some hope for the French. Seizing the “branch” is probably a metaphor for what we would say now as “getting a toehold”, or “getting a handle on the situation”. Using the poetic license it probably could also mean a “branch” of the river, since La Rochelle is on the Gironde estuary which immediately branches into the Garonne and the Dordogne rivers, among others.

Who the “great one” is has not been made clear here. Since the English have been asked to assist, it could be the French military commander, who will become the future King of France, or it could refer to Redbeard, the English military commander.

By the last line, Nostradamus indicates that up until now, it has not been so much a war as a beating. Now, the war actually begins.

There follows another similar quatrain describing the English at La Rochelle.

Century 9 Quatrain 38

*The entry at Blaye for La Rochelle and the English,  
The great Macedonian will pass beyond:  
Not far from Agen will wait the Gaul,  
Narbonne help beguiled through conversation.*



On this map, Bordeaux sits just below where Blaye is located, at the Gironde Estuary, La Rochelle would be at the coast where the Gironde meets the Atlantic. Agen can be seen as well as Narbonne at the Mediterranean coast. The blue line indicates a rail connection

The English, arriving at Blaye can be quickly dispersed to the battlefronts if the railway systems are still intact. The French troops will be waiting for the English reinforcements near Agen. The last line seems to imply that supporting troops from Narbonne will be promised, but will not materialize.

“The great Macedonian” could be the Madhi, but is more likely the “Black Turban” Islamic commander who led the attack on Italy. Passing “beyond” is not clear, but it seems while the Allies are positioning troops, this Islamic commander pushes further into, and past the frontlines of the battlefield.

Century 1 Quatrain 93

*The Italian lands near the mountains will tremble.  
The Cock and the Lion not strongly united.  
In place of fear they will help each other.  
Freedom alone moderates the French.*

More information here is given about the alliance between the English and the French.

Line two says that the “Cock and the Lion” are not “strongly united”. The Cock is the symbol for France, the Lion is England’s symbol. It seems they will be cooperating out of fear, knowing that if one does not help the other, they will be destroyed individually by the Islamic army. The last line implies the French

are somewhat exasperated by the English, but put this aside in order to maintain their freedom from the Islamic state, at this point France is the last independent country in all of Europe. This may have been the motivation to offer land in France in exchange for help, an attempt to obtain buy-in and cooperation with the English.

There is another source of friction behind the scenes here as well. There are two alpha male personas competing here, Redbeard, commander of the English, and the French commander, soon to be King.

The “Italian lands near the mountains” is a reference to the area around Milan. Much earlier Milan was surrounded and cut off from supplies. With the arrival of the English it appears the French forces wish to take back some of the southern coastal areas, working their way east towards Milan.

We conclude this chapter with the knowledge that the English have arrived to assist the French, although the alliance is a bit shaky. We see the intent of the French, and maybe a glimpse of the animus between Redbeard and the future king of France, but other than resupply of troops, no battles have been won and no cities recovered yet, in fact, the ‘Macedonian’ has continued pushing at the southern front to consolidate his positions.

Now we look at the eastern front, the zone along the Swiss and German borders to see what has been happening there.

#### FOOTNOTES

[1] Stefan Paulus, “Nostradamus 1999”, pg 184

[2] <http://phoenicia.org/britmines.html>

[3] Revelation 8:10, King James Version

[4] [www.purdue.edu/impactearth/](http://www.purdue.edu/impactearth/)

[5]